

River Safety Management at Wharfemeadows Park, Otley

Scrutiny Inquiry Report

Introduction and Scope



Introduction

- Following the tragic drowning of two young men at Roundhay Park in 2005 an interdepartmental group was established to address the issues raised by the incident. The group was formed to deal with:
 - Preparation for the Coroner's Inquest
 - Implementation of any recommendations from the Inquest
 - Commissioning of a RoSPA report on Water Health and Safety in Leeds City Council Development of a programme of risk assessments for Council water areas
 - Development of a Water Health and Safety Policy for the City Council
 - Development of educational information on water safety, particularly for adolescents and teenagers
- 2. On 9th February 2007 Executive Board approved and adopted a Policy on the Safety Management of Open Water, endorsed the 'Wise up to Water' Lifesaving Water Safety Project for young people and approved provision within the Capital Programme to ensure that the result of the remaining risk assessments could be implemented

- An element of this latter approval resulted in the Executive Board agreeing to erect a fence around an expanse of water in Wharfemeadows Park, Otley.
- 4. It is well known that this element of the Executive Board decision of February 2007 prompted local protests.
- 5. A group was formed, known as the Wharfemeadows Action Group, (WAG) to oppose the plans. This group submitted a deputation to full Council (18th April 2007) and was also involved in discussions with the relevant Area Committee.
- 6. There was also public discussion suggesting that the Executive Board's decision was in some way legally flawed.
- 7. In response to the concerns raised the Council sought legal reassurances that the decision it had taken was correct and agreed to revisit the decision taking into account local views.
- 8. In 16th May 2007 the Executive Board received a further report outlining the need for water safety measures at Wharfemeadows Park, Manor Park and Tittybottle Park.
- 9. The Executive Board, subsequently on consideration of this May report resolved that

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consideration of proposals to safety improve water Wharfemeadows Park, Manor Park and Tittybotle Park be deferred to the June meeting of the Executive Board, excepting that the Chief Recreation Officer be requested to progress fencing proposals by the river in the vicinities of the weir and the children's play area.

- 10. On 13th June 2007 the Executive Board received further reports. These included the presentation of the May report identifying the need for water safety at Wharfemeadows and details of public meetings held on 10th May 2007 and exhibitions between 8th and 11th June 2007 in Otley
- 11. Following consideration of these reports the Executive Board resolved that the scheme to erect signage and to fence parts of the parks adjacent to the River Wharfe as identified in the May 2007 report be implemented as soon as was practically possible.
- 12. In July 2007 Scrutiny Board (Culture and Leisure) received a request for scrutiny from the Wharfemeadows Action Group relating to the proposed fencing arrangements within Wharfemeadows Park. Following a full presentation by WAG the Scrutiny Board agreed to undertake a Scrutiny Inquiry.

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- 13. The terms of reference for this Inquiry were agreed by the Scrutiny Board at its September 2007 meeting. The Scrutiny Board agreed to scrutinise the recent decisions of the Executive Board regarding Wharfemeadows, the grounds for those decisions, the advice submitted and to make recommendations thereon the following:
 - The consultation process undertaken with regard to water safety at Wharfemeadows Park.
 - Details of the decision making process, the options considered, the advice received and position of the Council following RoSPA's recommendations:
 - Legal advice given to the Council
 - Executive Board reports
 - RoSPA's recommendations and relevant reports
 - Any risk assessments undertaken previously with regard to sites with water assets
 - Relevant statistics on accidents relating to the River Wharfe and Wharfemeadows Park specifically.

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- Coroner's report relating to Roundhay Park fatal incident
- The Water Safety Strategy
- 14 This Inquiry has tended to focus on Wharfemeadows and has not dealt with in any great detail the wider Water Safety Strategy. This report presents the findings of the Scrutiny Board.





- We feel it is important at the out set to acknowledge the genuine public concern the decision to fence off parts of the river has raised in some quarters. acknowledge the hard work of WAG in being a conduit for that feeling. We would like to thank WAG representatives for the manner in which they have presented its evidence to us and grateful for the timely production of written reports and other pieces of evidence all of which we have found extremely useful.
- Similarly we acknowledge the input of officers and thank representatives from RoSPA for their professional input. We would like to say at this point that Members who attended our site visit were extremely impressed with Wharfemeadows Park and we would like to record our thanks and congratulations to Parks and Countryside staff.
- 3. WAG argues that the decision in February 2007 to put up fencing was based on (to quote WAG) the "fundamentally flawed RoSPA December 2006" report.
- 4. WAG argues that the legal advice underpinning this report was wrong and was either ignored or accepted by various officers. WAG argues that when this advice was presented to the Executive Board a false picture of

- the Council's responsibilities was created.
- 5. Much has also been said of the Executive Board being under pressure to act as it did due to the 'threat' of possible 'Corporate manslaughter' prosecutions
- 6. Similarly there has been confusion as to the Coroner's recommendations following the Roundhay Park tragedy. It has been widely reported in the media and said in Full Council that the Council received an instruction to carry out risk assessments.
- 7. It is the view of WAG that the advice given to the Executive Board that not to heed the safety advice in RoSPA's report and the Roundhay Coroner's report could result in corporate manslaughter charges was incorrect and should not have been given. This advice, together with the inaccurate legal advice, WAG argues, played a significant role in colouring the views of the Executive Board Members.
- 8. It is true that the December 2006 RoSPA report quotes a case (Tomlinson v Congleton Borough Council) and in quoting this case does not fully explain the subsequent successful appeal. This is unfortunate and Members can sympathise with the view that it puts RoSPA's competence to advise on safety matters on trial.



- It is unfortunate that the original error by RoSPA was not picked up by officers. However it is important to state that we have been advised by our own legal department that the decision in the Tomlinson Case does not define Leeds City Council's duty of care and that it was not a consideration when determining the Council's responsibilities and certainly did not form part of any officer advice to the Executive Board. This is reinforced by the RoSPA fact that were commissioned by the Council to offer legal advice nor has legal advice been sought by the Council from RoSPA.
- 10. In terms of officers advising Executive Board that not to heed the advice of RoSPA could result Corporate Manslaughter charges, we cannot find evidence to support that this advice was actually given. We are told by officers that this was not a matter raised in the February 2007 Executive Board report. However we accept that some of this discussion could have been fuelled by discussion in full Council in February 2007 where Members talked of the possible threat as justification for the Executive Board decision.
- In terms of the supposed recommendations made by the Roundhay Coroner, again this is

- incorrect and no evidence has been presented to the Working Group or Scrutiny Board to suggest otherwise. We note that the correct recommendation of the Coroner was presented in the February 2007 Executive Board report.
- 12. What is unfortunate is that the Council at the point of the February 2007 Executive Board decision had not carried out its own risk assessment Wharfemeadows and was reliant on RoSPA's assessment. subsequent criticism RoSPA it is understandable why WAG has suggested that the City Council misled itself. However we do acknowledge that the risks identified by RoSPA were not unknown to officers. Indeed it was officers from Parks and Countryside who had suggested the site, visited with RoSPA and gave input into the site discussions that formed the risk assessment report. acceptable to use experts and we acknowledge that this was not at expense the of abdicating responsibility and accountability for decisions made.
- 13. In hindsight it would have been better to have incorporated RoSPA's advice into our own risk assessment. This would have also helped play down RoSPA's perceived influence in the decision making process.

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- 14. WAG has also questioned the legitimacy of appointing RoSPA to help the Authority undertake risk assessments. We have heard of the expertise RoSPA can provide in these areas and therefore do not have an issue with RoSPA assisting the Council. We say this however on the understanding that and assessments consequent decisions and action lies solely with the Council and not RoSPA. The Council are the responsible body, not RoSPA. We accept that officers have never stated that RoSPA have a regulatory It is unfortunate responsibility. that the subsequent message was that RoSPA told the City Council to erect the fencing. In our view more could have been done to challenge this perception.
- 15. WAG has also queried the decision to Commission RoSPA to examine Wharfemeadows Park. In this regard we are satisfied that this area of water had been of concern to officers and provided a good example of an urban park area with fast running water to undertake a site specific assessment.
- 16 Not withstanding our comment in paragraph 12 above, we have been advised that it is legally perfectly proper to revisit risk assessments. We note that this

was done by Council officers on 30th March 2007 and reported to a further Executive Board report in May 2007. We also note that in giving evidence to the Scrutiny Board, the RoSPA representative stated that he was unhappy with elements of the December 2006 RoSPA report and that changes subsequently resulting in the April 2007 RoSPA report. This was the report the City Council finally acted on. However, we note with some concern that the existence of different 'versions' of the RoSPA report would appear to have confused the decision making process.

- 17. We note that following this report and the subsequent June 2007 report Members reaffirmed their February 2007 decision with some modifications. These being;
 - Not to fence near the steps
 - Not to fence from children's playground down to the white bridge
- 18. We acknowledge that as a local authority, addressing matters of public safety is one of our key responsibilities but doing so 'as far is reasonably practicable' and applying the principles of 'sensible risk management'
- It is fair to say that there is often little 'objective science' in conducting risk assessments for



situations such as this. As they are often based upon professional judgement. The law requires that 'competent people' are utilised to inform such assessments – which is why the Council employed RoSPA and utilised its own Officers. Only a court can ultimately decide on liability if an accident has occurred.

- 20. We share the Health and Safety Executive's view sensible risk management **is** about:
 - Ensuring that workers and the public are properly protected;
 - Providing overall benefit to society by balancing benefits and risks, with a focus on reducing real risks – both those which arise more often and those with serious consequences;
 - Enabling innovation and learning not stifling them;
 - Ensuring that those who create risks manage them responsibly and understand that failure to manage real risks responsibly is likely to lead to robust action;
 - Enabling individuals to understand that as well as the right to protection, they also have to exercise responsibility
 - Reducing not eliminating risk.
- 21. We would strongly argue that sensible risk management **is not** about:

- Creating a totally risk free society
- Generating useless paperwork mountains
- Scaring people by exaggerating or publicising trivial risks
- Stopping important recreational and learning activities for individuals where the risks are managed
- Reducing protection of people from risks that cause real harm and suffering.
- 22. WAG and others, including certain Members of this Scrutiny Board, believe that the decision taken to fence off parts of the River Wharfe are not proportionate to the risk nor to any legal imperative. Conversely we have heard from professional our own and experienced officers and from RoSPA that the measures are sound and legitimately arise from our legal obligation to carry out a risk assessment and address the risks identified such in assessments as far as reasonably practical.
- 23. There is a view that the relatively short stretch of fencing of the River Wharfe at Wharfemeadows in Otley does not prevent or restrict activities as these areas are not legitimate points of access. The steps, which are a point of access and used for feeding water foul and an integral



feature of the park, are to be left unfenced.

- 24. The only non financial 'cost' put forward in the fenced areas is one of visual amenity, which in any case is subjective. This would not provide any useful mitigation should an accident occur.
- 25. We concede however that we are unlikely to reach a consensus neither within the Scrutiny Board nor within the public at large, as to whether the fencing should have been erected. There are those who oppose all fencing, those who agree fully and there are those who argue that the fencing should be around a limited identified It has to be said that area. following our own site Members present identified areas that required urgent fencing.
- 26. We have quite rightly listened to what WAG has had to say. However we could have easily obtained the views of the many people who are supportive of the measures taken by the Council. Indeed when Members went on a recent site visit as part of this Inquiry we were privy to numerous comments of support for the fence. We note that the Executive Board has also seen letters of support.
- 27. Our job has not been to arbitrate on a professional health and safety issue. The issue at point as

- far as we are concerned is to satisfy ourselves that the Executive Board made its decision with all necessary, available and accurate information before it.
- 28. For the sake of clarity we asked for an officer summary of the Coroners inquest report and all legal advice in terms of the Council's liability including Counsel's advice. We believe the clearest explanation of the legal advice can be found in Appendix 5 of the May 2007 Executive report. This properly summarised Counsel's advice. We appended this advice in full.
- 29. We have also seen copies of the risk assessments for Wharfemeadows although we concede that we are not competent as a Scrutiny Board to professionally comment on these.
- 30. On all accounts faced with the legal advice and the evidence from the risk assessments, the Executive Board made the decision it did in all good faith with all available and appropriate information before it.
- 31. We do not therefore concur with WAG's proposition that the Executive Board was somehow misled into making this decision either through inaccurate legal advice or bogus threats of potential manslaughter charges



and non recommendations from the Coroner.

- 32. Having said that there does remain two areas of concern which we would wish to comment on. The first is that of consultation and the manner in which this whole issue has been handled. The second relates to transparency of decision making.
- 33. With regards to consultation, we have received written evidence from Councillor Jim Spencer, Leader of Otley Town Council and from Greg Mulholland MP for Leeds North West. Both submissions clearly show a level of anger over how this matter has been handled. The Chair has also met with the Leader of Otley Town Council.
- 34. Councillor Spencer talks of "shock and surprise of the Town Council" to find that the City Council had plans to "radically alter the look, aesthetics and impact of the park...and the City Council had not made contact with the Town Hall to consult or discuss the serious issues".
- 35. Councillor Spencer states that the first the Town Council knew of any proposals to fence of the river was when he read an article in the 28th December 2006 edition of the Wharfedale & Airedale Observer. The Town Council was

- understandably angered about the lack of consultation.
- 36. Councillor Spencer states that the first official contact he received on the matter was 7th February 2007. This is two days before the Executive Board meeting of 9th February 2007 and after the Executive Board papers were in the public domain.
- 37. Councillor Spencer goes on to say that it was not until 10th May 2007 that a public meeting on the City Council's decision was held. This was despite the growing anger within Otley on the lack of consultation.
- 38. Councillor Spencer told us that at this public meeting passions were running very high. It is his view that as a consultation meeting it was a "waste of time" and showed a complete "lack of interest of the City in the opinion of the Town Council and its community and also the strength of the feeling of the community".
- 39. A similar view was also expressed by Greg Mulholland MP, who has complained of lack а consultation with the people of Otley and Otley Town Council both before the City Council took its original decision and after. Mr Mulholland claims that the consultation was neither full nor proper nor was it genuine. way of evidence for this view point



Mr Mulholland quoted extracts from correspondence between Councillor Spencer and senior City Council Councillors.

- 40. In his letter dated 10th May 2007 to Councillor Jim Spencer, Councillor Andrew Carter states, "we have no intention of making a decision on the proposals for Wharfemeadows at the Executive Board meeting next week (16th May 2007). In actual fact, a decision was taken to go ahead with part of the scheme following that meeting.
- 41. Councillor Mark Harris in a letter to Councillor Jim Spencer on 17th "At 2007 May states, the Executive Board yesterday, the Leader of Council announced that we would continue the immediate fencing of the river adjacent to the weir and children's the playground"
- 42. That to us confirms that a decision was made during a period when other consultation was supposed to be taking place.
- 43. Councillor Harris's letter of 17th May 2007 also states "Everything else is still the subject of consultation with the people of Otley".
- 44. We noted that further consultation did take place between 8th to 11th June in the form of exhibitions prior to the final decision taken at

the Executive Board meeting on 13th June 2007.

- 45. It is our view that more could have been done and sooner to inform the residents of Leeds and of Otley, in particular, of the City Council's intentions
- 46. We have been presented with little evidence that there was a concerted effort to win over 'hearts and minds' on this issue prior to February 2007. This is evidenced by the fact that Otley Town Council heard of the City council's proposals via the local media in December 2006.
- 47. It is clear that in the minds of Otley Town Council, the City Council has totally disregarded not just its views on the fence but also its legitimate right to be consulted in a timely and appropriate manner which is perhaps more worrying.
- 48. It is Councillor Spencer's view that given the content of the final fencing scheme many of the initial worries expressed by the town have now been addressed. However these could have been resolved prior to the original February 2007 Executive Board decision had early dialogue taken place. Instead a situation was allowed to develop and gain a momentum all of its own resulting in frustration and mistrust.



- 49. We would draw the Executive Board's attention to the 'Charter between Leeds City Council and the Parish and Town Councils within the administrative area of Leeds City Council', particularly Section Three Working in Partnership. This was agreed by the Executive Board in October 2006.
- 50. Section 3.4 of this Charter states; "Consultation will be used to involve local councils in decisions of the City Council that affect local communities. Consultation between the partners of this Charter is a two-way process, which can only be effective where there is a sense of partnership and mutual trust. Consultation will not be used as a form of advance warning or of public relations".

 We believe that the Council has fallen short on this undertaking.
- 51. The Charter also states that, "Sometimes it will be necessary for the City Council to take decisions based on considerations which extend beyond an individual community. In these cases the decisions may not reflect the local view, even though suggestions and opinions will have been considered. (paragraph 3.7)
- 52. We fully acknowledge that this will be the case on occasions. As such we have concerns regarding the use of the phrase 'consultation' throughout the

- Council's dealing with the public on this matter. It would appear from the legal advice given that in a situation where the safety of the public is the overriding issue the City Council has a duty to act rather than consult. Therefore any "consultation" must be limited.
- 53. Furthermore, on those limited occasions where discussions did take place there appears to have been some degree of false hope given that "consultation" meant an opportunity to amend Executive **Board** decision. Similarly we do not believe that some of the statements made by some Executive Board Members in correspondence shown us, to be helpful. In our mind these statements perpetuated a notion that consultation meant a possible influence over the final decision. This was never the case.
- 54. Consultation at best was about the type of fence to be erected and to a certain degree the areas to be fenced. Indeed consideration was given to an alternative fence line running along the main park path from Bridge Street to Farnley Lane and locking the park in times of spate or flood. We were advised that on evaluation of the risk assessment this did not reduce the potential hazard and risk rating of children and young people slipping/tripping from the embankment wall top into the river. In addition it was the



view of officers that predicting flood and spate situations was difficult because the river has substantial variances in flow and height. Of concern also was the fact that there are many entrances to the park and resources may not be available at the right time to implement physical actions on the ground.

- 55. However it remained that the decision to implement the results of the risk assessment was never up for debate. This should have been clear at the out set and more effort spent on giving proper reason for the decision. Again early discussions with the Town Council might have avoided the tensions which arose in the community.
- of this is the need to ensure that the spirit of the agreed Charter is adhered to. There will be other issues in the future facing the City and Town and Parish Council's and there must not be a repeat of this ill feeling.

Recommendation 1

That the Charter between Leeds City Council and the Parish and Town Councils within the administrative area of Leeds City Council', particularly Section Three – Working in Partnership, is strictly adhered to. Section Three states "Consultation will be used to involve local councils in decisions of the City Council that affect local communities. Consultation between the partners of this Charter is a two-way process, which can only be effective where there is a sense of partnership and mutual trust."

- 57. The second area of concern was the initial decision by officers not to make public the full legal advice, including Counsel's opinion on this matter.
- 58. It is our view that the core driver of the Executive Board decision was the Council's legal duty of care once in receipt of a risk assessment and legal advice from officers. It is our view that, in the spirit of open and transparent decision making, this legal advice should have been in the public domain at an early stage.
- 59. We are pleased therefore that the Chief Executive has reviewed this and has agreed that Counsel's preliminary advice and chronology of events can now be made public.
- 60. However we would recommend that as a matter of course all legal advice should be in the public domain and withheld only under exceptional circumstances.



Recommendation 2

That all legal advice obtained by the Council is publicly available save in exceptional circumstances to be determined by the Council's Monitoring Officer. The reasons for any non public disclosure should be made clear by the Monitoring Officer.

- 61. We would also wish to comment on the recording of legal advice. When we requested to have sight of Counsel's written opinion and our own solicitors instruction, we were initially informed that no such written advice existed. This would seem to have arisen due to a misunderstanding that what was being requested was any formal written concluded opinion arising from the initial oral advice given by Counsel in conference with leading elected members. This turned out not to be the case and subsequently written preliminary or informal advice was received from Counsel and written instructions were given by Leeds City Council solicitors. We have been offered an explanation as to how this misunderstanding occurred and in turn we have expressed our frustrations of this experience at the highest level.
- 62. Whilst not integral to our main findings we believe a future occurrence of this would be avoided if, as a matter of practice,

requests for Counsel's advice are made in written form save in exceptional and urgent circumstances.

Recommendation 3

That all requests for Counsel's advice are made in written form save in exceptional and urgent circumstances.

- Finally we would like to make a general observation about the role of Scrutiny in the Council's decision making process. We are of the view that this is one instance where 'pre Scrutiny' of a decision would have been helpful and given the Executive Board the opportunity to test opinion.
- 64 We acknowledge that the onus to identify decisions that would benefit from such 'pre scrutiny' does not rest solely with the Executive and is as much the responsibility of individual Scrutiny Boards. We therefore recommend that both the **Executive and Scrutiny Boards** work in partnership to identify those future decisions where Scrutiny input prior to the decision being made can add value to the overall process and the decision made.

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Recommendation 4

That the Executive Board and Scrutiny Boards work in partnership to identify future decisions where Scrutiny input prior to the decision being made can add value to the overall process and the decision made.



Evidence



Monitoring arrangements

Standard arrangements for monitoring the outcome of the Board's recommendations will apply.

The decision-makers to whom the recommendations are addressed will be asked to submit a formal response to the recommendations, including an action plan and timetable, normally within two months.

Following this the Scrutiny Board will determine any further detailed monitoring, over and above the standard quarterly monitoring of all scrutiny recommendations.

Reports and Publications Submitted

- 1) RoSPA Report: Water Safety Audit September 2005
- 2) RoSPA Report: Generic Water Safety Assessment December 2006
- 3) RoSPA Report: Generic Water Safety Assessment (amended) December 2006
- 4) Executive Board Report (Item 13) and Minutes 9 February 2007
- 5) Executive Board Report (Item 19) and Minutes 13 June 2007
- 6) Executive Board Report (Item 7) and Minutes 16 May 2007
- 7) Executive Board Report (Item 20) and Minutes 22 August 2007
- 8) Full Council: verbatim minutes 21 February 2007
- 9) Full Council: Wharfemeadows Action Group (WAG) Deputation 18 April 2007
- 10) Full Council: verbatim minutes 20 June 2007
- 11) Wharfemeadows Action Group briefing paper July 2007
- 12) Wharfemeadows Action Group supplementary evidence August 2007
- 13) Wharfemeadows Action Group further evidence November 2007
- 14) Wharfemeadows fencing proposals site plan 19 January 2007
- 15) WAG's Public Address to the Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board 16 July 2007
- 16) Notes arising from inquests (Head of Community Services and Litigation) 22 June 2006
- 17) Wharfemeadows Park Fencing Chronology (September 2007)
- 18) Note from Head of Community Services and Litigation (Leeds City Council) 6 September 2007
- Charter between Leeds City Council and Parish and Town Councils revised October 2007
- 20) Counsel's Advice and Chronology of Events 3 October 2007
- 21) Note from Head of Community Services and Litigation (Leeds City Council) on Counsel's Advice and Chronology of Events 4 November 2007
- 22) Proposed draft findings/ recommendations from Cllr. Bernard Atha 20 November 2007

Evidence



Reports and Publications Submitted (continued)

22) Correspondence from:

- Coroner's Office 3 July 2006;
- Chief Recreation Officer (Leeds City Council) 5 July 2006;
- Leeds City Council's Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) 17 April 2007;
- WAG/ Cllr. Andrew Carter (e-mail) 25 April 2007;
- WAG 2 May 2007;
- Ian Andrew (e-mail) 10 June 2007
- Otley Town Council 12 July 2007;
- Greg Mulholland MP 13 July 2007;
- WAG (e-mail)

 25 August 2007;
- WAG 11 September 2007;
- Head of Community Services and Litigation (e-mail) 29 September 2007
- Head of Community Services and Litigation (Leeds City Council) / Assistant Chief Executive (Corporate Governance) (e-mail) – 5 October 2007;
- WAG (e-mail) 5 November 2007;
- Otley Town Council (e-mail) 23 November 2007;
- Greg Mulholland MP 23 November 2007;
- Clr. Ted Hanley 30 November 2007;
- Clr. Ted Hanley 4 December 2007;
- Greg Mulholland MP (e-mail) 5 December 2007;
- Clr. Ted Hanley 12 December 2007.

Evidence



Witnesses Heard

- Wharfemeadows Action Group (WAG)
- Cllr. John Procter (Leeds City Council Executive Board Member)
- Cllr. Jim Spencer (Leader of Otley Town Council)
- Peter Cornall, Head of Water and Leisure Safety, ROSPA
- Paul Rogerson, Chief Executive Leeds City Council
- Denise Preston, Chief Recreation Officer Leeds City Council
- Ian Spafford, Head of Community Services and Litigation Leeds City Council
- Chris Ingham, Human Resources Manager (Safety, Well-being and Attendance) Leeds City Council
- Sean Flesher, Parks and Countryside Principal Area Manager (West) Leeds City Council

Dates of Scrutiny

- 16 July 2007 Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board
- 15 August 2007 working group meeting
- 22 August 2007 working group site visit (Wharfemeadows Park)
- 29 August 2007 working group meeting
- 10 September 2007 Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board
- 1 October 2007 working group meeting
- 8 October 2007 Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board
- 5 November 2007 working group meeting
- 12 November 2007 Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board
- 3 December 2007 meeting between Leader of Otley Town Council and Chair of Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board
- 10 December 2007 Culture & Leisure Scrutiny Board
- 19 December 2007 working group meeting